

Intersections of SLE paths

Young Women in Probability 2014

Bonn, Germany

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Joint work with Jason Miller (MIT)

May 27 2014

Outline

- 1 Background and Main Statements
- 2 Imaginary Geometry
- 3 Derive the Hausdorff dimension

Table of contents

1 Background and Main Statements

2 Imaginary Geometry

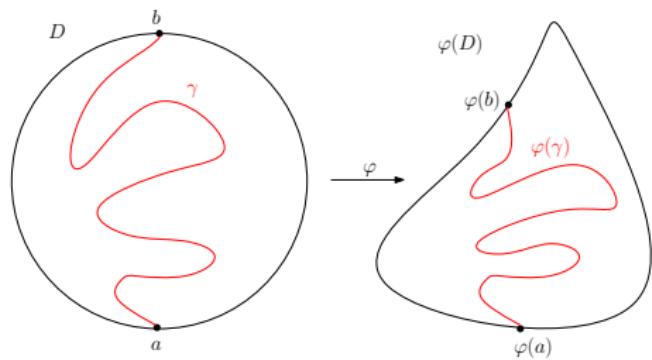
3 Derive the Hausdorff dimension

SLE (Schramm Loewner Evolution)

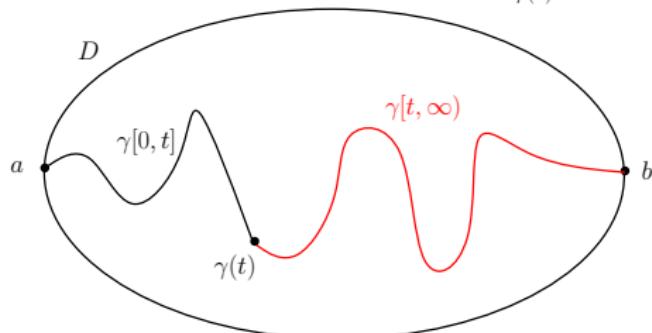
Random fractal curves in $D \subset \mathbb{C}$ from a to b . Candidates for the scaling limit of discrete Statistical Physics models.

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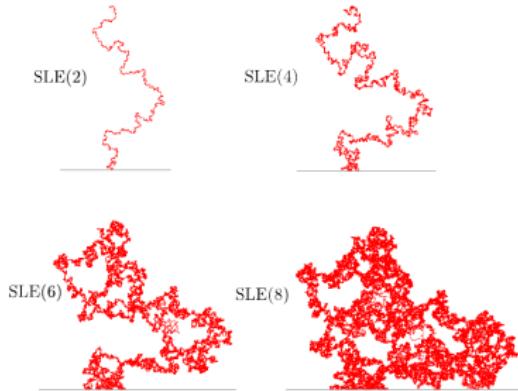
Conformal invariance :
 If γ is in D from a to b ,
 and $\varphi : D \rightarrow \varphi(D)$ conformal map,
 then $\varphi(\gamma) \stackrel{d}{\sim}$ the one in $\varphi(D)$ from
 $\varphi(a)$ to $\varphi(b)$.



Domain Markov property :
 the conditional law of
 $\gamma[t, \infty)$ given $\gamma[0, t]$
 $\stackrel{d}{\sim}$ the one in $D \setminus \gamma[0, t]$ from $\gamma(t)$ to
 b .

Examples of SLE

One parameter family of growing processes SLE_κ for $\kappa \geq 0$.
Simple, $\kappa \in [0, 4]$; Self-touching, $\kappa \in (4, 8)$; Space-filling, $\kappa \geq 8$.

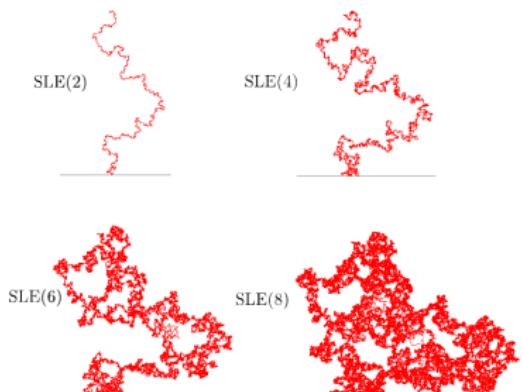


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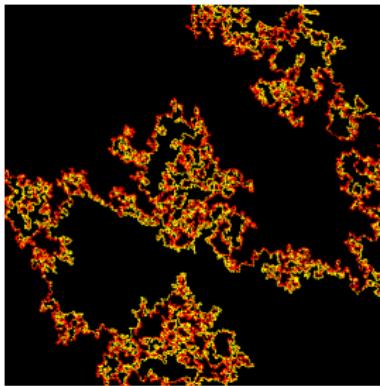
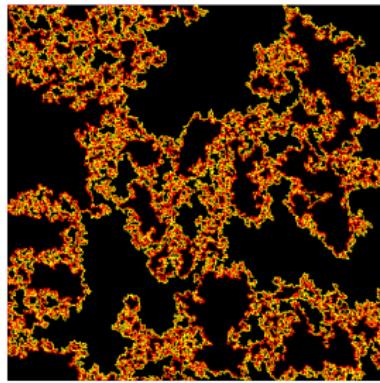
Simple, $\kappa \in [0, 4]$; Self-touching, $\kappa \in (4, 8)$; Space-filling, $\kappa \geq 8$.



- $\kappa = 2$: LERW
(Lawler, Schramm, Werner)
- $\kappa = 3$: Critical Ising
(Smirnov, Chelkak et al.)
- $\kappa = 4$: Level line of GFF
(Schramm, Sheffield, Miller)
- $\kappa = 6$: Percolation
(Smirnov, Camia, Newman)
- $\kappa = 8$: UST
(Lawler, Schramm, Werner)

Thanks to Tom Kennedy

SLE double point and cut point dimensions

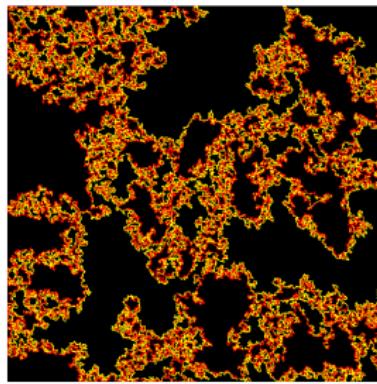


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Intersections of SLE paths

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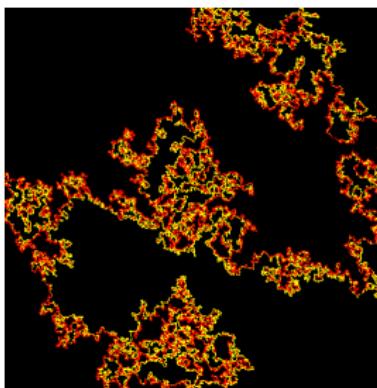


Proposition : [Miller, W.]

The Hausdorff dimension of the double points of SLE_κ is, almost surely,

$$1 + \frac{\kappa}{8} - \frac{6}{\kappa} \quad \text{for } \kappa \in (4, 8)$$

$$1 + \frac{2}{\kappa} \quad \text{for } \kappa \geq 8$$

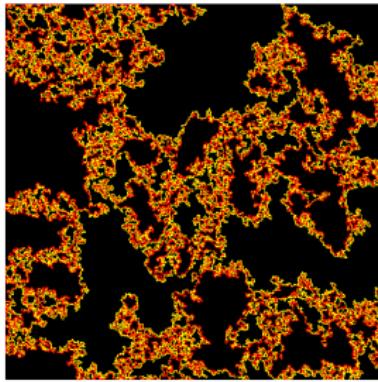


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Proposition : [Miller, W.]

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Proposition : [Miller, W.]

The Hausdorff dimension of the cut points of SLE_κ is, almost surely,

$$3 - \frac{3\kappa}{8} \quad \text{for } \kappa \in (4, 8)$$

Thanks to Miller

Hao Wu (MIT USA)

Intersections of SLE paths

Consistence with previous results

$$\kappa \in (4, 8)$$

Double points

$$1 + \frac{\kappa}{8} - \frac{6}{\kappa}$$

Cut points

$$3 - \frac{3\kappa}{8}$$

Consistence with previous results

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Cut points

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- **Critical percolation :** $\kappa = 6$
double point dimension : $\frac{3}{4}$,
predicted by Duplantier in 1987
cut point dimension : $\frac{3}{4}$,
proved by Lawler, Schramm, Werner in 2001

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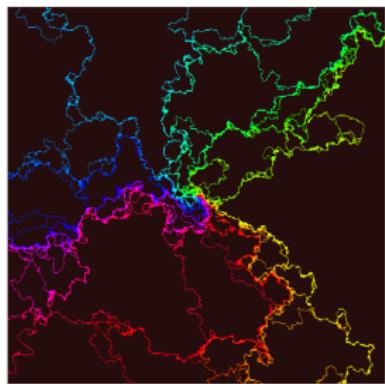
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- **Brownian excursion :**
 cut point dimension : $\frac{3}{4}$,
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- **FK model :** $\kappa \in (4, 8)$
 double point dimension and cut point dimension,
 predicted by Duplantier in 1989 and 2004 respectively.

Relation with other dimensions

SLE $_{\kappa}$	Beffara	Miller and Wu	
Trace	$\kappa \in (0, 4]$	$\kappa \in (4, 8)$	$\kappa \geq 8$
Double point	\emptyset	$1 + \frac{\kappa}{8} - \frac{6}{\kappa}$	$1 + \frac{2}{\kappa}$
Triple point	\emptyset	\emptyset	countable
Cut point	$1 + \frac{\kappa}{8}$	$3 - \frac{3\kappa}{8}$	\emptyset
Boundary point	\emptyset	$2 - \frac{8}{\kappa}$	1

Alberts and Sheffield

Key in the proof



Key in the proof :

one-point estimate : martingale.

two-point estimate : coupling between SLE and GFF, work by Sheffield and Miller

- Imaginary Geometry I,II,III,IV.
Imaginary Geometry I : Interacting SLEs

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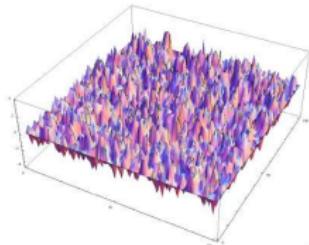
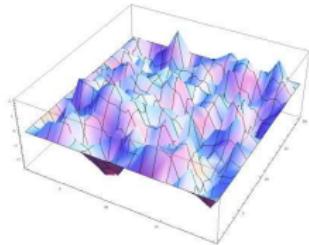
GFF (Gaussian Free Field)

DGFF with mean zero : a measure h on functions
 $\rho : D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and $\rho = 0$ on ∂D with density

$$\frac{1}{Z} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{x \sim y} (\rho(x) - \rho(y))^2\right)$$

for $D \subset \mathbb{Z}^2$.

- For each vertex x , $h(x)$ Gaussian r.v.
- Covariance : Green's function for SRW
- Mean value : zero.



Thanks to Miller,
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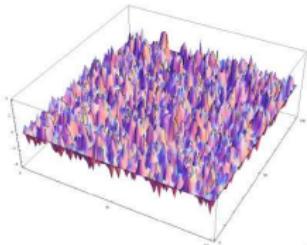
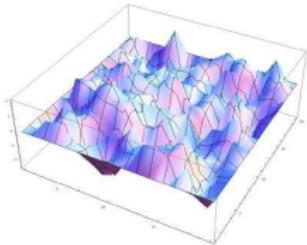
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- Mean value : zero.

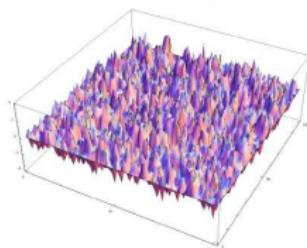
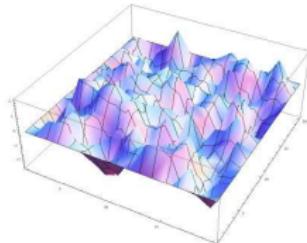
DGFF with mean h_∂ : DGFF with mean zero plus a harmonic function h_∂ .

- For each vertex x , $h(x)$ Gaussian r.v.
- Covariance : Green's function for SRW
- Mean value : $h_\partial(x)$

Thanks to Miller,
Sheffield



GFF (Gaussian Free Field)



DGFF \rightarrow GFF h

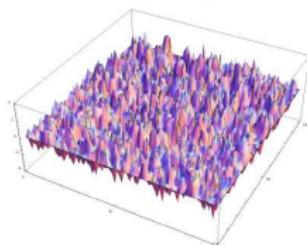
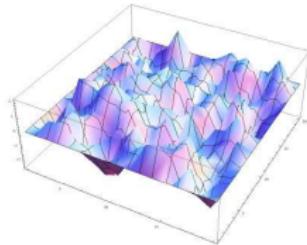
- (h, ρ) Gaussian r.v.
- Covariance :

$$\text{cov}((h, \rho_1), (h, \rho_2)) = \iint dx dy G_D(x, y) \rho_1(x) \rho_2(y).$$

- Mean value :
 $\mathbb{E}(h, \rho) = (h_\partial, \rho).$

Thanks to Miller,
Sheffield

GFF (Gaussian Free Field)



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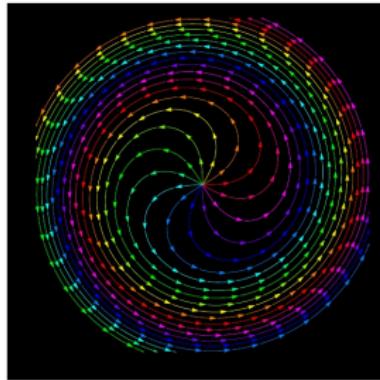
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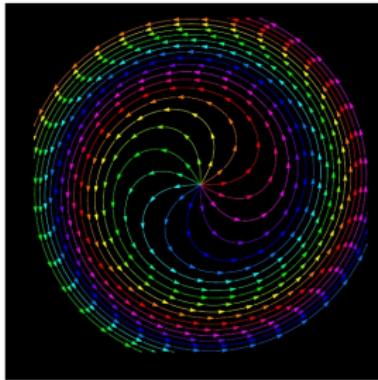
- Mean value :
 $\mathbb{E}((h, \rho)) = (h_\partial, \rho).$
- **Conformal invariance**
Domain Markov Property

Flow lines of GFF



- h smooth, $\chi > 0$ constant. Vector field $e^{ih/\chi}$

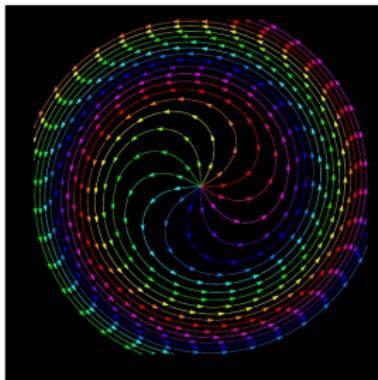
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- Flow line of the field :

$$\frac{d}{dt}\eta(t) = e^{ih(\eta(t))/\chi}$$

Flow lines of GFF

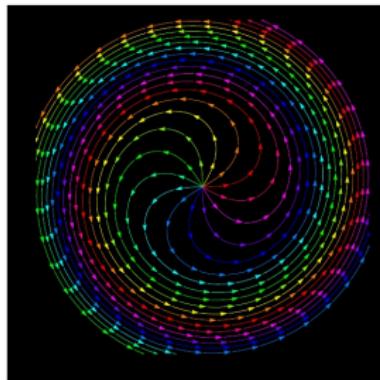


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- Flow line of the field with angle θ : $h + \theta\chi$

Flow lines of GFF

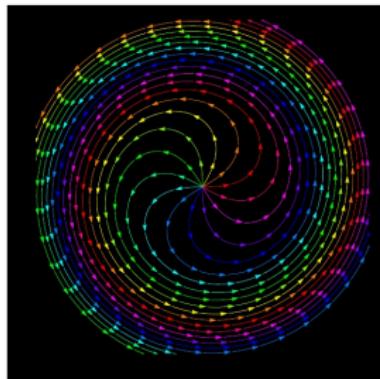


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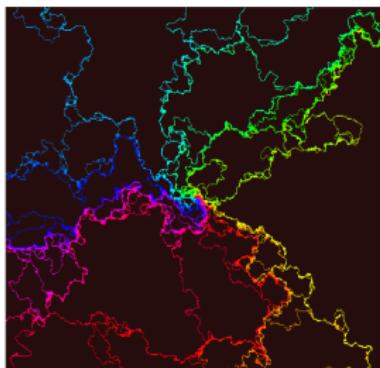
- Flow line of the field with angle θ : $h + \theta\chi$
- Properties : non-crossing, monotonicity.

Flow lines of GFF



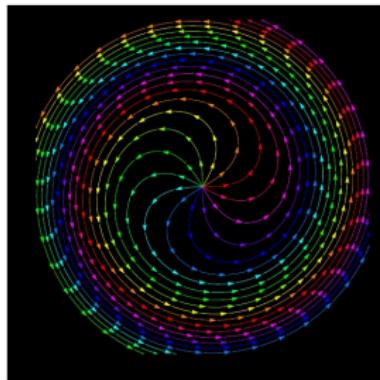
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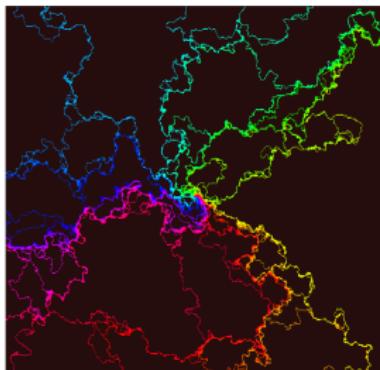
Flow lines of GFF



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- Flow line of the field with angle θ : $h + \theta\chi$
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- h GFF, "Vector field" $e^{ih/\chi}$
- Flow lines of the field are SLE_κ curves

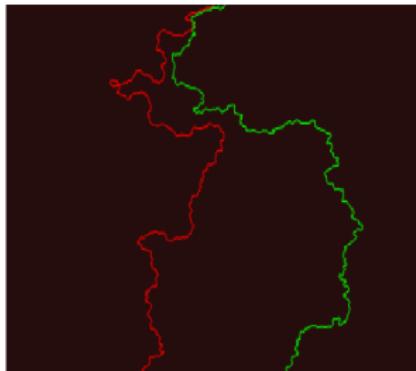
$$\kappa \in (0, 4), \quad \chi = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\kappa}} - \frac{\sqrt{\kappa}}{2}$$

Interactions of flow lines $\kappa \in (0, 4)$, $\chi = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\kappa}} - \frac{\sqrt{\kappa}}{2}$

Flow lines of $e^{ih/\chi}$ with angles θ_1 and θ_2 : η_1 and η_2

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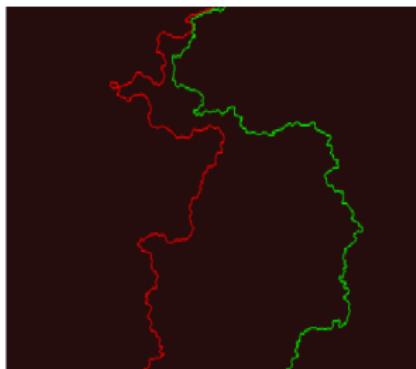


$\theta_1 > \theta_2$:

η_1 stays to the left of
 η_2 , but may have
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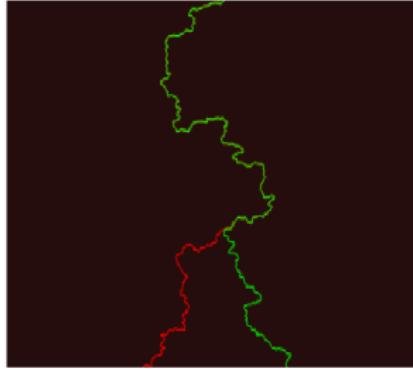


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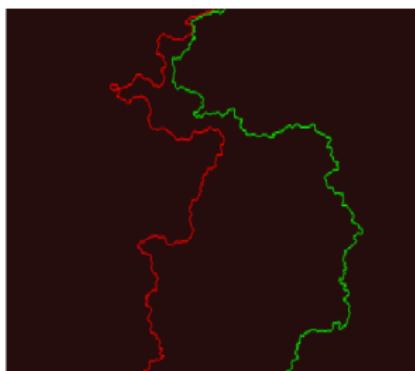
$\theta_1 = \theta_2$:

η_1 merges with η_2 upon intersecting and never separates



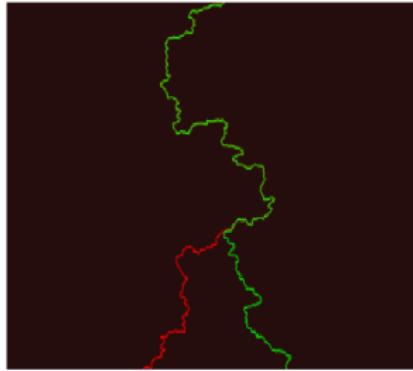
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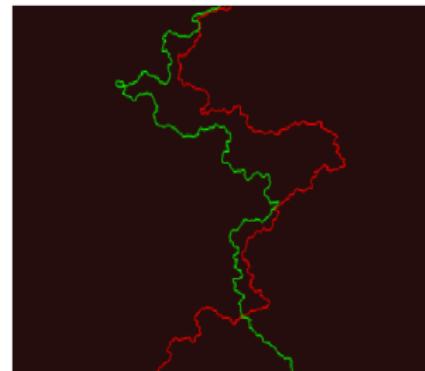
$\theta_1 > \theta_2$:

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$\theta_1 = \theta_2$:

η_1 merges with η_2 upon intersecting and never separates



$\theta_1 < \theta_2$:

η_1 crosses η_2 upon intersecting and never crosses back

Simulations of the flow lines of GFF

$$\kappa \in (0, 4), \quad \chi = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\kappa}} - \frac{\sqrt{\kappa}}{2}, \quad \exp(ih/\chi)$$

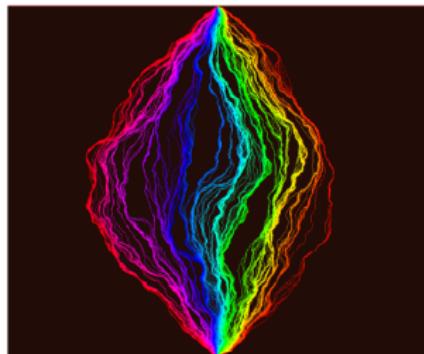
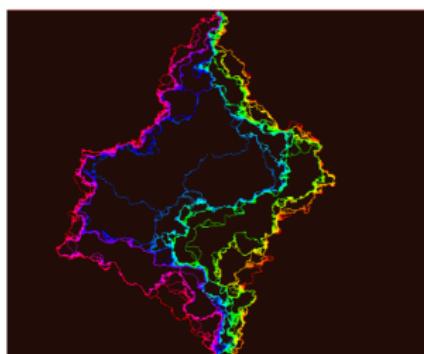
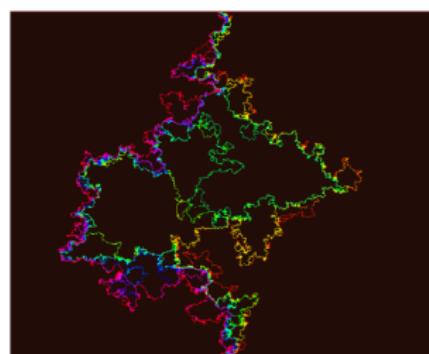
 $\kappa = 1/8$  $\kappa = 1$  $\kappa = 2$

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Intersection of flow line and the boundary

Proposition [Miller and W.]

$\eta \sim \text{SLE}_\kappa(\rho)$, $\kappa \in (0, 4)$, $\rho \in (-2, \frac{\kappa}{2} - 2)$,

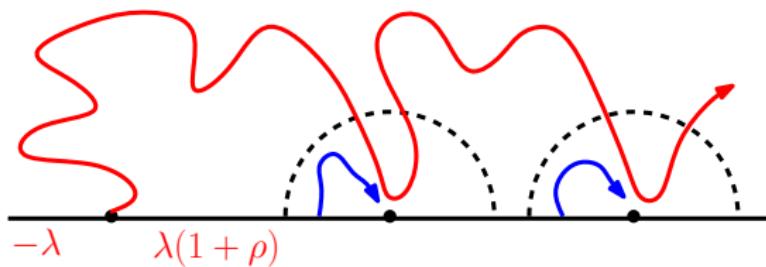
$$\dim_H(\eta \cap \mathbb{R}) = 1 - \frac{1}{\kappa}(\rho + 2) \left(\rho + 4 - \frac{\kappa}{2} \right), \quad a.s.$$

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- one-point estimate : martingale.
- two-point estimate : Interaction of flow lines.

Intersection of two flow lines

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$$\theta_1 < \theta_2, \eta_1 \sim \text{angle } \theta_1, \eta_2 \sim \text{angle } \theta_2, \rho = (\theta_2 - \theta_1)\chi/\lambda - 2$$

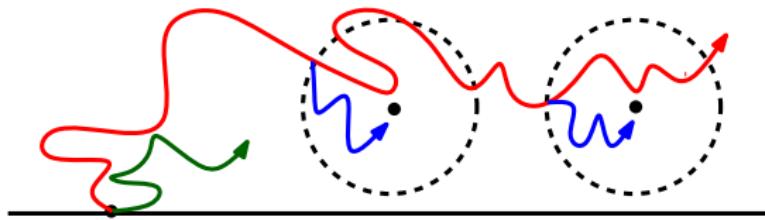
$$\dim_H(\eta_1 \cap \eta_2 \cap \mathbb{H}) = 2 - \frac{1}{2\kappa} \left(\rho + \frac{\kappa}{2} + 2 \right) \left(\rho - \frac{\kappa}{2} + 6 \right), \quad a.s.$$

Intersection of two flow lines

Proposition [Miller and W.]

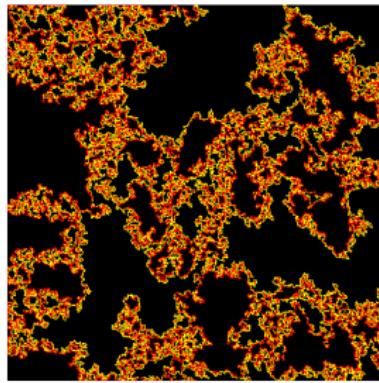
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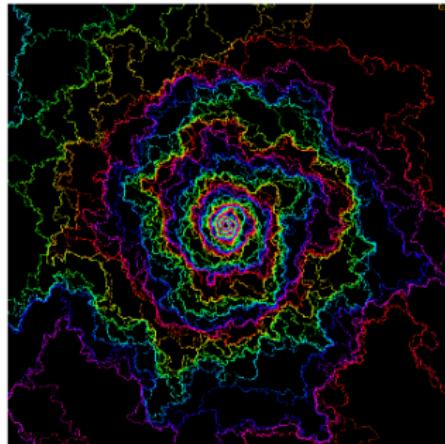
Thanks to Miller

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Intersections of SLE paths

Miscellanies–radial SLE

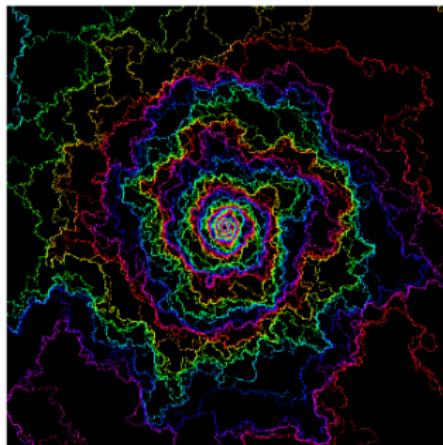
Radial SLE $_{\kappa}(\rho)$: $\kappa \in (0, 4)$, $\rho \in (-2, \kappa/2 - 2)$



Miscellanies–radial SLE

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- B_j : the points on the boundary that the curve hits j times

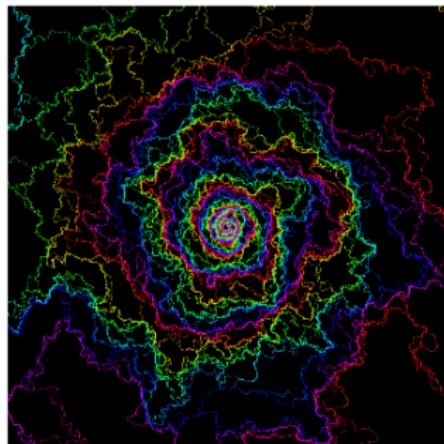


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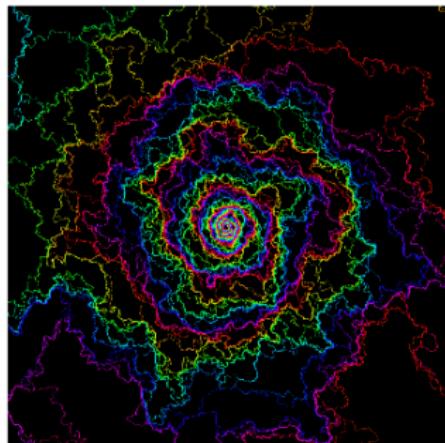
- B_j : the points on the boundary that the curve hits j times
- Largest possible j :

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Miscellanies–radial SLE

Radial SLE $_{\kappa}(\rho)$: $\kappa \in (0, 4)$, $\rho \in (-2, \kappa/2 - 2)$



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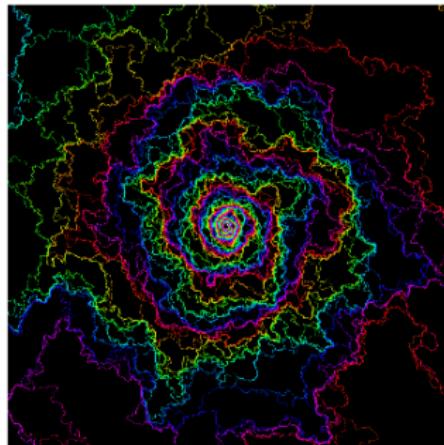
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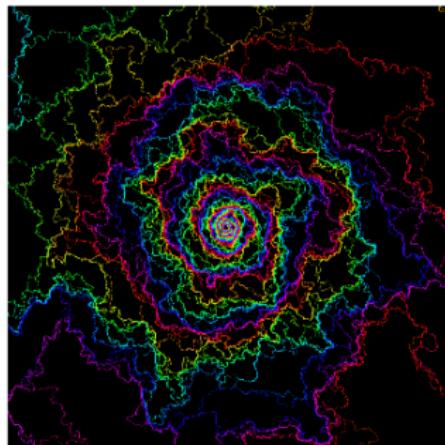
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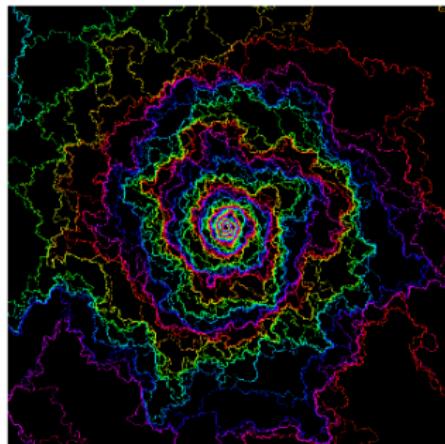


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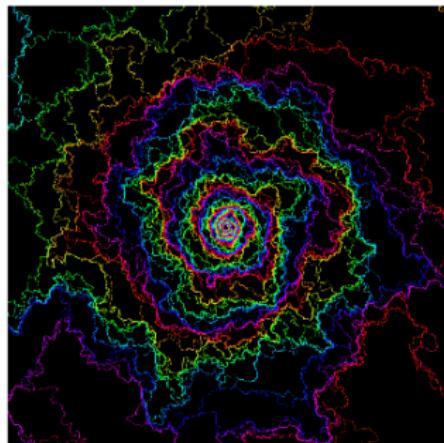
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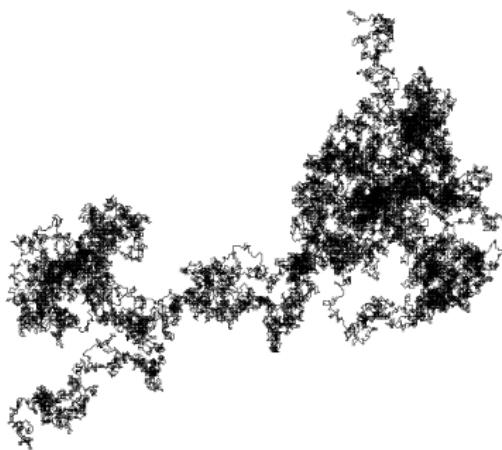
$$\frac{1}{8\kappa}(4+\kappa+2\rho-2j(2+\rho))(4+\kappa-2\rho+2j(2+\rho))$$

Miscellanies–Conformal restriction samples

K : conformal restriction sample with exponent $\beta \geq 5/8$:

$$\mathbb{P}(K \cap A = \emptyset) = \Phi'_A(0)^\beta$$

$\Phi_A : \mathbb{H} \setminus A \rightarrow \mathbb{H}$, $\Phi_A(\infty) = \infty$, $\Phi'_A(\infty) = 1$, $\Phi_A(0) = 0$.



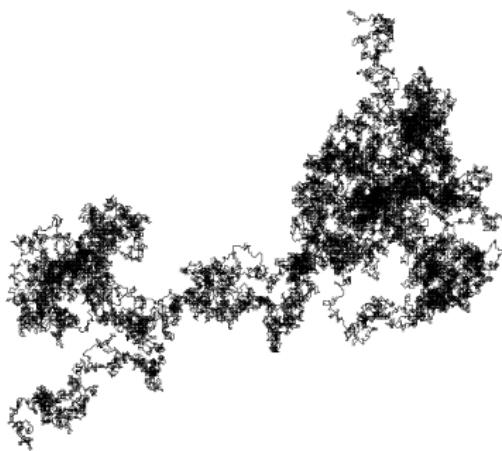
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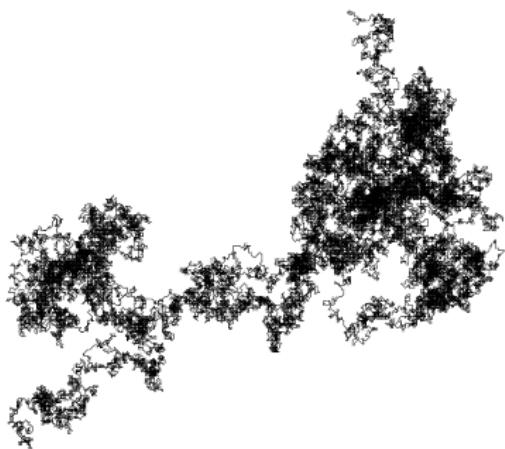
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$$u = \sqrt{24\beta + 1} - 1$$



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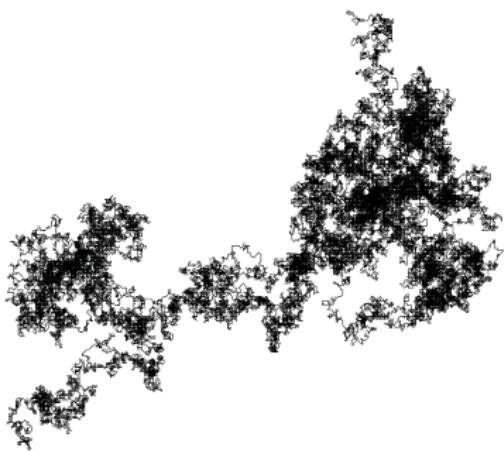
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- Cut point dimension of Brownian excursion : $3/4$
proved by Lawler, Schramm, Werner in 2001

Miscellanies–KPZ formula

Boundary intersection
dimension :

$$1 - \frac{1}{\kappa}(\rho + 2)(\rho + 4 - \frac{\kappa}{2})$$

Interior intersection
dimension :

$$2 - \frac{1}{2\kappa}(\rho + \frac{\kappa}{2} + 2)(\rho - \frac{\kappa}{2} + 6)$$

Miscellanies–KPZ formula

x : Euclidean scaling exponent ;
 Δ : quantum scaling exponent

Boundary intersection
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$$x = \frac{\kappa}{4}\Delta^2 + \left(1 - \frac{\kappa}{4}\right)\Delta$$

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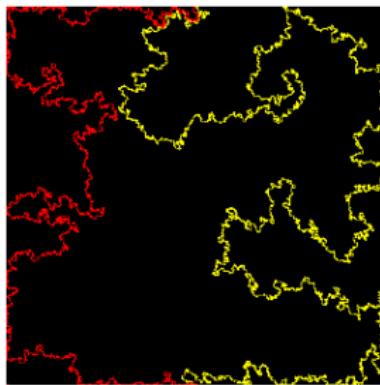
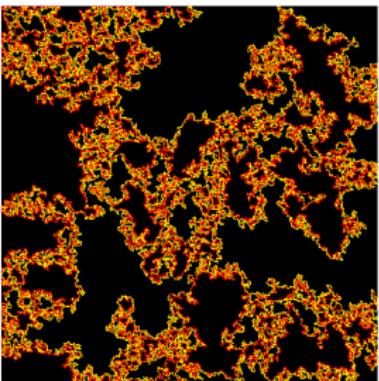
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Thanks !

