Nonlinear Partial Differential Equations I

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Winter term 2015/2016 Problem Sheet 09 (due Thursday 07.01.16)

Problem 1 (About Maxwell's equation, 4 points)

Show that for any vector field $m \in L^2(\mathbb{R}^3; \mathbb{R}^3)$ the functional

$$F(u) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^3} |\nabla u|^2 \, \mathrm{d}x + \int_{\mathbb{R}^3} m \cdot \nabla u \, \mathrm{d}x$$

has a unique minimizer in $X = \{u \in L^6(\mathbb{R}^3) : \nabla u \in L^2(\mathbb{R}^3; \mathbb{R}^3)\}$. Find the associated Euler-Lagrange equation.

Problem 2 (Deformation of a one-dimensional beam, 4 points)

In a simple one-dimensional model, the deformation of a beam of length l > 0 under a load f is described by its vertical deflection $v: (0, l) \to \mathbb{R}$. Given a bending rigidity $a \in L^{\infty}(0, l)$ such that $a(x) \ge a_0 > 0$ for all $x \in (0, l)$ and $f \in L^2(0, l)$, the deflection minimizes

$$E(v) = \int_0^l a(x) |v''(x)|^2 - f(x)v(x) \,\mathrm{d}x$$

among all $v \in H^2(0, l)$ subject to certain boundary conditions. Assume that the beam is fixed horizontally at the left end x = 0 and show that E has a unique minimizer u among deformations in $H^2(0, l)$ with the same boundary conditions. Given sufficient regularity of a, f and u, what boundary value problem does u satisfy?

Problem 3 (Minimization s.t. a pointwise gradient constraint, 4 points)

Let $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ be open and bounded with smooth boundary and $f \in L^2(\Omega)$. Show that there is a unique minimizer u of

$$F(v) = \int_{\Omega} \frac{1}{2} |\nabla v|^2 - f v \, \mathrm{d}x$$

in

$$M = \{ v \in H_0^1(\Omega) : |\nabla v| \le 1 \text{ a.e.} \},\$$

and find the variational inequality satisfied by u.

Problem 4 (Now for something completely different, EXTRA CREDIT 8 points) Let X be a Banach space, $B \subset X$ non-empty, bounded, closed and convex. Let $T: B \to B$ be non-expansive, i.e.

$$||Tx - Ty|| \le ||x - y||$$

for all $x, y \in B$. Show that:

1. For any $\varepsilon > 0$ there is an ε fixed point $x_{\varepsilon} \in B$, i.e.

$$\|Tx_{\varepsilon} - x_{\varepsilon}\| \le \varepsilon.$$

- 2. If $(id T)(B) \subset X$ is closed, then T has a fixed point.
- 3. Let $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ be open and smoothly bounded such that $|\Omega| \leq 1$. Show that

$$-\Delta u + \frac{1}{1 + |\nabla u|} + u = 0 \quad \text{in } \Omega,$$
$$u = 0 \quad \text{on } \partial \Omega$$

has a weak solution $u \in H_0^1(\Omega)$.

Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year!